# APPENDIX I: Newspaper Clippings

### 6/1/83

### Dwindling Work Force Keeps Railway on

### By BART RIPP Journal Staff Writer

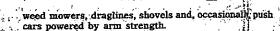
It was once the biggest and busiest place in town. In the years immediately following World War II, it employed more than 1,200 people. In the era before passenger trains became relics, before the interstate. highway system nourished the trucking industry, before people relied on cars and jets for travel, the Santa Fe Railway shops in Albuquerque throbbed to keep the railroad rolling.

The shops were operated day and night, repairing as many as 41 locomotives a month. Albuquerque kept time by the whistle that shrilled the shift changes from its sky-soaring smokestack.

These days, the day shift - the lone shift is a punctuated by the punching of a time clock by the time To absorb the geysers of sparks gushed by arc wilders dwindling number of employees, now 75, at the Santa Fe times hard acres are speckled with sawdust. And that Railway facility, which has been called the Centralized the brings us to the floor. Work Equipment Shop since 1954.

Workers at the facility, encompassing 16 acres and five The shops boast a floor unlike any other in A shops totaling 254,600 square feet, overhaul and rebuild of it is made of wooden bracks the maintenance equipment and tools used over the Santa Fe's 12,212 miles of track. It is the largest facility of its : town. The plant made the bricks of compressed ak, pine kind in the world.

There, repairs are made on bulldozers, tie injectors," track liners, tool cars, locomotive cranes, pile drivers,



Constructed between 1916 and 1925 as a machine shop, Mak tank and boiler shop, and a blacksmith shop with dirts. Pocket floor, the Centralized Work Equipment Shop is illuminated in dusky hues by sunshine streaming through transucent glass that may truly be called limelight. The pars are tinted a lively, limey green.

With its maze of silver girders, cranes, vents and ducts overhead, this colossal complex makes men seen small. and very clean. . Unlike the computer chip industry moving into nodern

Albuquerque, the Santa Fe shops contain no clean noms. The vats of lye, hammers and anvils, the trestles and girders are all sprinkled with a patina of soot. To absorb the geysers of sparks gushed by arc'wilders brings us to the floor.

The shops boast a floor unlike any other in Alb The railroad used to operate a tic-treating phat son f its town. The plant made the official official

The walls and girders are pocked with pinup alendars





Hammer and Anvil, at Left, Often Le Ved at Once-Busy Shop



of this year, although they could easily pass fc with safety reminders:

Make It a Point Not To Carry Sharp To

Do Not Spit on Floor or Fountain. Gene Hine Is Responsible for Safety Housekeeping in This Area. First Aid Kit Here. Please Don't Spit!

But birds can't read. The pigeons and spa flutter across the ceiling spatter the floor with With business slumping and layoffs dwindlin force, the shops often become so quiet that chi can be heard accompanying the distant t hammer hitting an anvil.

Beyond the great doors that are rarely sh shines on the transfer table -- sliding sets of shuttle the huge locomotive cranes and pile c one of the 26 bays.

And with the birds chirping, the hammers cl some Works Progress Administration mural.

There is a rumble in the distance. It drones sunshine, a freight train rolls by.



Work Aren't Rea To Close Kallroad CONTINUED FROM PAGE D1

A subsidiary could also pursue w business, Haverty said. "I think e business is out there," he said lbuquerque is a fairly centrally ated shop."

A w

"Albuquerque is a fairly centrally an located shop." Albuquerque is a fairly centrally in 0 A third alternative is closing the your shop and moving the work else steel where. The options are dard, still in the air and would be pre-25 p think we're really at a crossroads." Sales he said.

So far, both workers and manage-ment appear to be looking hard at a subsidiary. A subsidiary, which has its own fricers and stock but remains a part of the company, has some of divantages over a division. Its man-part of that subsidiary and, re-noved from the Santa Fe, can even from noved from the Santa Fe, can even from the result of the remains of the start.

<sup>1</sup> y sau. <sup>1</sup> The railroad's parent company, <sup>1</sup> y sau. Santa Fe Pacific Corp., has already <sup>5</sup> spun off four activities into com-panies or limited partnerships that d sold stock. In each case, the corporation has retained 44 to 80 In this case, the Santa Fe would c ontinue to do business with the D subsidiary, and employees would is Haverty said the company hasn't alked to other railroads for fear of precipitating labor problems, nor w and business.

ment business. Dwight Grant, Presidential Pro-fessor of Finance at UNM's Ander-son Schools of Management, specu-lated: "If they do work for the Santa Fe, and the Santa Fe doesn't need all the capacity, and they don't work for other railroads because they're a Santa Fe yard, then a change in the yard to work for other com-panies. The question is, why aren't they using that capacity now?"

# Another aspect of a subsidiary is possible employee ownership.

One way of financing a subsidiary is through an employee stock own-ership plan. Corey Rosen, executive director of the non-profit National Center for Employee Ownership in Oakland, Calif, explained how this micht unorth 07

or some form of employee own ship has become more popular the past few years as a way increasing productivity and as source of financing.

At American Steel & Wire Cor in Ohio, for example, employee own 15 percent of what was a dyin steel company. They accepte lower wages than the industry state dard, but a profit-sharing plan add 25 percent to each worker's bas pay. In three years, the company states increased 132 percent.

oor-management cooperatio ligion," said an AS&W execut iss of AS&W an lepends on coop nication betwee d workers, "You or-manag Lhe

lay management, and managem nust sell employees on their di ions. wnership isn't Employees hav Employe it problei arn that t iy manag

participate in decisions," Rou d, "the performance of a co iy will improve — sometim matically." 

Union leaders are waiting for th ompany to make a proposal, sai Janny Booth, president of the It ernational Association of Machin ets local and shop steward.

a very aggress g job to do," Bo had a rough ti abit in Albuqu good that they oad. If they ru eed tracks to ru "Mr. Haverty's a very ag y. He's got a big job to do dd. " They've had a rou e've felt it quite a bit in A e. I felt kind of good that ma run a railroad. If the iroad, they'll need tracks Until they approach u t be layin' rail like we

have." But Booth has a problem with or of Haverty's suggestions: "Th union represents other people fro other railroads. We wouldn't ste work from one railroad to try inport another. People who lai upport another. People who lai all on other railroads would reall complain if Albuquerque sho itarted stealing their work. I don ee it happening." But if the choice is to compete o

chinists say they / kind of heavy Marquez cited record and the saying, "It's the long"

ud other machin ourk on any kui ent. Harry Ma p<sup>18</sup> safety recc its workers, sayi we lasted so lon e she ill of

t if the choice is to compete of many prefer to compete. In the choice is to compete. In the santa Fe 38 years "Most everybody agrees i be a good thing" to do wor ther railroads. Competition i etition, he said. "Whoever can best and cheapest should do it a aren't many shops like this.

ight work. The railroad can sell all or a srcentage of the CWE shop to its mployees. The company forms an mployee stock ownership plan, hich borrows money from a bank sing CWE assets as collateral. Or ie company can loan money to the mployee stock plan. The employee

Oyen, vice general chair-the Transportation Com-is Union, which repre-erks, wonders how e the shop could be. "It essitate those big ma-ng shipped in here by Railway," he said. "It transportation costs," his members w whether the cou obsidiary or sell anta Fe machini I the uncertain etitiv

an then buys stock in the subsidi-y from the Santa Fe. The loan is paid over time by stock dividends id employee payroll deductions. some point, individual em-oyees are entitled to their portion If the subsidiary is successful, c employees share in the profits. Success "would depend on quality and price," Haverty said. "You're lo out there in the real world." If the subsidiary loses a lot of money, the lender might claim the f company's assets, but employees b individually would not have to c repay the loan, Rosen said. ers in t to lose." ock ownership plans company's asse individually w repay the loan, In troubled j pically mak ges and bene te is investe ck plan. If th sing, Rosen s ft have a lot mployee stor ظ م ک







N. G

**By Sherry Robinson** STANT

N 1958, when Harry Marquez became an appren-tice machinist for Santa Fe Railway, the railroad had run out of steam.

an unsentimental shift to diesel fuel a few the Albuquerque shop and roundhouse and diesel locomotives. In those days, the alex south of Downtown employed about down from the numbers working there in larry's father Ernest Marquez became a 100 peop 38, when nua Fe n In the rs be an re

and Marquez and his brother learned to maintenance equipment. The railroad kept he unneeded roundhouse crashed to salvage ee years ago along with the whistle that used shift changes. No need for it — there's just diesel the railroad moved d farquez and his brot tenance equipment. Tl s, t aint 1970 left. nnoun shift

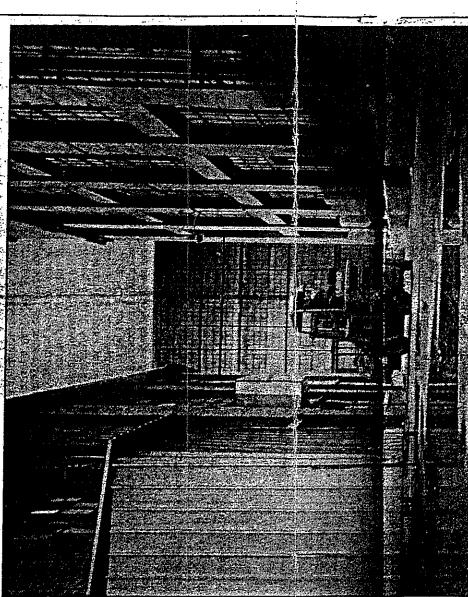
9 people at the railroad presio, warned of impending changes by railroad presi t Mike Haverty, wonder what's next. [his is our life," Marquez s<u>eid, "This is our bread an</u> remaining 109 Marquez and the arned of impendi

anta F( came the first local employ Haverty weeks ago

a huge rfa tampers for a with lengths Mong up our our areas like shops along an av parates work areas like shops along an av ertition: Val Baca, Machinist Welder, All titer, Maker, Outside the partitions, parts de <u>2</u> Spatrows sing from the steel rafter miles of green and white panes of gl scene with light. Monster machinery pile drivers used to build bridges, tam track speed swings that grapple with Along the blackened brick walkw separates work areas like shops alon ach traftsman, like a proprietor, ha scility operature Something's got to be d

en S

By parts doty



ō Santa Fe Railway's repair shops south of Downtown — operating at 30 percent capacity — will be sold, closed or changed into a subsidiary. silhouet-vs. Most railroad. machinist M.R. Gabaldon is 2 At top left, I ted against Smells of hot metal and mechanics' grease float into Smells of hot metal and mechanics' grease float into Workers in five hangar-sized buildings of the Central-ized Work Equipment, or CWE, shop repair and maintain some 4,000 pieces of equipment for the entire Santa Fe system. They also make parts for repair crews to use in the field. "A lot of good work goes on here," says Roger Engle assistant chief engineer. He agrees with Haverty that ) has done contract work for the railroad short lines, said Danny Booth, president of the ts' local and shop steward. out the way this shop rk on," Booth said. "But t half the cost." k goes on here," says Roger Engle teer. He agrees with Haverty that b blame for too little work. asional cranky engine rumbling to le too quiet. Reople are occupied, but n't be called busy. and his y, ready to do mon mnlovees is how 1 after work from othe ons he mentioned a subsidiary — pos is C.C. Hutchinson an ac., of Council Grove, R o solution off in a : could go erty . Two the equipment w want the employed son declined to c RAILROAD on PAGE a little too couldn't he guy said. dı averty said and indust the place is s nson, Hav ailroads a Hutchin he chall ring in n ell the sl 8 Neosho uilding achinis "He's MORE:



The railroad should open the dialogue with Jones to the pub-lic, sharing details of what the Dallas developer plans for the unique Albuquerque site. And, what's the all-fired hurry after unique Albuquerque site. And, what's the all-fired hurry after the property has sat essentially unused for decades? BNSF should listen to and address the concerns of the com-munity that surrounds this unique property. Give the Wheels Museum group a fair shot at access to the buildings it is eying for a museum — and rough out the future of the whole prop-erty in public before the deal is closed. Even large, multistate railroad companies should strive to be responsive citizens to the communities through which they pass in these closing months of the 20th century.

vas a shocking story, insofar as

Introkade the control on the	Whether someone ever ouys any of these eggs — are they cheaper by the dozen? — the story is reflective of our times. The commerce in female eggs, like the ancient and sordid commerce in women them- selves, flourishes. When researching a story in the Princeton Alumni Weekly, I ran across an article describing how
donors seems right on the	one gross basket. Whether someone ever buys any
or's suspicions of a corru	er porn sites and put all his eggs into
on an image of a Madonna.	about the donors. He closed his oth-
pay for a vulgar and blas art object that places ani	averaged a million hits (this is a lot) from those curious to know more
for it, but it shouldn't be re	more about the women. Since the story ran, the pornographer has
art.)" He's right. The public i	lars to a soft-core porn site where. visitors must pay \$24.95 to find out
put that money into the po- multimillionaires (who t	in the ethics of infertility and art. It was likely only a hoax to direct dol-
a shield in order to take in of the taxpayers' pockets in	anything is any longer shocking, even for those who expect the worst
a shield in order to take m	ar chorbing

In New Mexico, the only things of certainty are death, tax-es and the knowledge that New Mexicans will always pay more for gasoline than their surrounding states. Former Attornev General Tom Udall, now a Democrat rep-

**Gasoline's High Price** 

# LP (Second Second Se $\sum$

ME-OWNED AND HOME-OPERATED MADE IN THE U.S.A. TH YEAR, NO. 333 # 62 PAGES IN 6 SECTIONS

**GRAND PLANS** 

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MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 29, 1999

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# Envisione Center 000 ĽХ Rail

# from PAGE A1

foot heavy equipment shop with a 250-ton crane looming overhead that was used to lift locomotives. Conaway's ideas for the shops are as grand as the buildings themselves.

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Picture glearning glass facades, Iandscaped courtyards and a long plaza lined with flags and filled with fountains. Throw in a train station that would empty passen-gers into the heart of a trade show and exposition center bustling with visitors.
In smaller buildings on the prop-erty, Conaway envisions a brew pub, restaurants and retail stores, and perhaps a new hotel could be built on vacant land north of the railroad shops, designed to resem-ble the fabled Alvarado that was torn down in 1970.
The idea would be to reclaim the shons and recommert them with

The idea would be to reclaim the shops and reconnect them with Downtown and the Barelas neigh-borhood to the southwest. Ed Pulsifer, vice president of sales and marketing for the Albu-querque Convention and Visitors Bureau, said more rowser

55

JIM THOMPSON/JOURN Members of a tour group are dwarfed by one the historic railroad buildings on the edge Downtown. The group includes representativ of government, businesspeople and support of a proposed transportation museum.

'World Center'

473 x 244 x 2 x

Envisioned

,

For Rail Yard

A superstance of the second solution and Visitors Bureau, said more convention and Visitors Bureau, said more convention can-floor space would help the city attract events the convention cen-ter doesn't have room to hold. "This would be ideal. It would put us on the map for things we can't even think about doing and help us compete with a lot of cities we can't right now," he said. Pulsifer said the International Association of Police Chiefs, which visited the city in 1994 and has expressed an interest in returning, needs more than 300,000 square feet. The Albu-querque Convention Center has about 168,000 square feet of exhib-it share.

it space. "The only thing that stands in "The only their coming back is exhibit space," Pulsifer said. The museum's board of direc-tors is pitching the exposition-cen-ter concept as a way to generate revenue to restore and maintain the buildings, pay for improve-ments such as new water and sew-er lines and support the museum's operation.

Museum area economically viable

BY MICHAEL TURNBELL Journal Staff Writer

restaurants and perhaps a hotel

Expo space, train station,

Z

are proposed to make Wheels

Conaway said an exposition ce ter at the site of the railroad sho -- and not the proposed inte modal hub -- would be "the logic place for Amtrak." "The station is already here," I said, and passenger trains "woul add predictable excitement to fr (exposition center) project, whi providing Amtrak with a conv nient and practical and tastef A portion of the hub tha intended for SunTran buses under construction, but the secon part for Greyhound buses, oth interstate coaches and Amtrak being discussed. HOW TO REA( ALBUQUERQUI Albud Ject. The Wheels board has talked about leasing the buildings to a developer who would restore them and a private operator who would manage them. The city also could be a player, although Mayor Jim Baca has said the city doesn't have any money to spend on it. Conaway said the size and open-ness of the buildings lend them-selves to a trade show and exposi-tion conter l, drowned. She was on ornia coast when she nh into a rindhy late at uildings could host events international car shows iventions for construction, Canaveral aboard the Mercury-Atlas 5 spacecraft, which orbited Earth twice before returning. and conventions for construction mass transit and pharmaceutica industries that need more exhibi In **1981** actress Natalle Wood, 43, her yacht, Splendour, off the Califor fell into the sea while trving to climi The popular California State Railroad Museum in Sacramento, for example, is about 100,000 square feet. have more than 350,000 square feet of space. There's no way we can use all of that for a museum," Craig said. While the Wheels Museum may be the vehicle used to save the railroad shops from demolition, Craig said museums are not self-"We need something that's going to generate funds pretty quickly. That's the reason for the expo cen-ter. We have a lot of room to work ÷., **On Nov. 29 In 1775** the Committee of Secret Correspon-dence was established by the Continental Congress. It was the forerunner of the State Department and was designed to find European allies to fight the British. **In 1780** Lemuel Haynes, a Revolutionary War veteran, l Diaxiere supporting "The museum as envisioned should become an integral part of a number of attractions and uses, which must practically reinforce one another to form a self-sustain-ing, comprehensive redevelop-ment project," Conaway said in a report recently submitted to the museum's board of directors. "I do not see the museum as the site's anchor use." Joe Craig, vice president of the museum's board, said he didn't envision Wheels occupying the envision Wheels occupying the entire property. "All of the buildings combined ι Ξ Boards Assi League of C **Report: Poverty, N** The collection of steel and glass buildings that rise along the mainline tracks includes a 19,000-square-foot shop with light streaming through its translucent windows, as well as a 145,000-square-See RAIL on PAGE A2 **Crime Threaten U** Coalition calls for



DOWNTOWN SITES Caller Confirm trans Coal Carlity Action 2010 Contract Convention Vicinity of proposed exposition center 

with," Craig said. "We want something filling the rest of the space that's compatible with the museum and helps as an economic driver for the site. The expo center does that very well," he added.

The museum board hired anoth-The museum board hired anoth-er firm, the Danter Company of Columbus, Ohio, to do a quick study that will look at whether a trade show and exposition center with a museum is feasible. The Fort Worth-based Burling-ton Northern and Santa Fe Rail-way, which wants to sell the build-ings and surrounding 33 acres, has given the museum board until Jan. 15 to finish the study and come up with \$3 million for the purchase. The Wheels, group is competing with \$3 million for the purchase. The Wheels, group is competing of the who has refused to talk pub-licity about his plans. The biggest obstacle to the expo-center is its cost. But he buildings would be "at least the building.

floor space than the Albuquerq Convention Center has to offer.

Revenue from the center cou be used to offset maintenance a operating costs for the museum

Conaway said a transportati museum with mobile exhib would be a popular attraction f people attending trade shows.

The buildings themselves "a also the most significant manifi tation of the history of this site., such, all of them, would be part the museum, and in this sense, it museum would physically encoup pass the entire site," he said in h report to the Wheels group.

A key to making the project work: convincing Amtrak to relove cate, its depotdess than a mile t the south, so passengers could go on and off trains in front of th

expo center.

But that may never happ because the city has also court Anntrak to be part of a transport tion hub planned along the trac at First and Central SW.

But he and Conaway said sever-al national caliber developers are interested in investing in the pro-Conaway evaluated the potential of the buildings and concluded that a transportation museum should not be the primary use of the site. A stylish trade show and exposition center com-blined with a new Amtrak train depot and a trans-portation museum could be the key to reviving historic railroad buildings on the south edge of Downtown Albuquerque. "The New Mexico World Center" is Franklin Conaway's \$30 million vision for the dusty old steam locomotive repair yard that once served as the city's economic and commercial hub. It is a plan that could provide much-needed rev-enue to offset the financial drain of running a museum and to restore the mammoth buildings to their early 20th century grandeur. "It's unbelievable to me that you've got an opportunity of such historic magnitude this close its the reater of the city," said Conaway an Ohio historic preservationist and consultant for a local group that wants to put the Wheels Museum inside the idled shops.



### A6 THE SUNDAY JOURNAL



### from PAGE A1

done with the site: The Urban Council is pushing a \$260 million expo center, which Wheels Museum officials say is a grandiose scheme doomed to fail.

Also, questions have been raised about financial dealings, lack of disclosure and potential conflict of interest. Lawyers have been consulted and a demand letter sent.

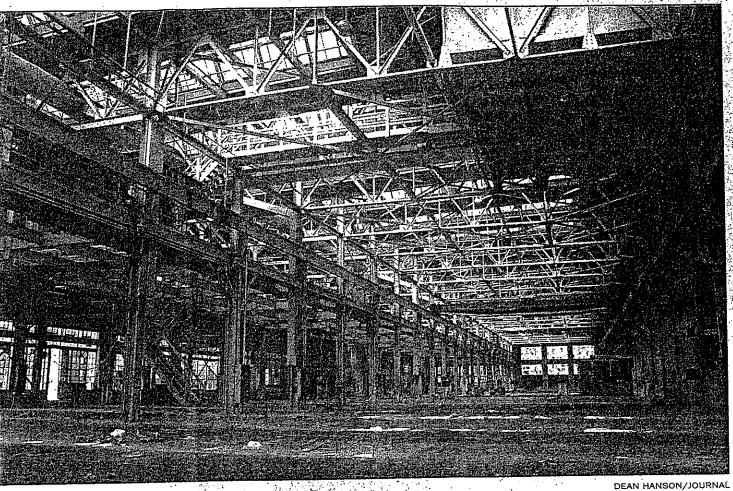
Meanwhile, members of the Wheels Museum group, including Freed, have been forced off the Urban Council Board. They say their cherished museum - which would celebrate Route 66, trains, cars and planes - is no longer welcome on the site.

"It was a broad daylight carjacking," Wheels executive director Alan Clark said in a recent interview. "They took our project away."

Mayor Martin Chavez credits Freed with saving the buildings

"Leba got off her backside and made the phone calls," he said. "Got Sen. Domenici involved. Started calling the railroad."

Freed's group did more than talk. It raised half a million dollars in public money and private donations to help make the deal happen. A group of underwriters from Albuquerque and Los Alamos guar-





ASPACE FOR EXPO CENTER: The Urban Council is proposing to turn the locomotive repair facilities into an exposition center .

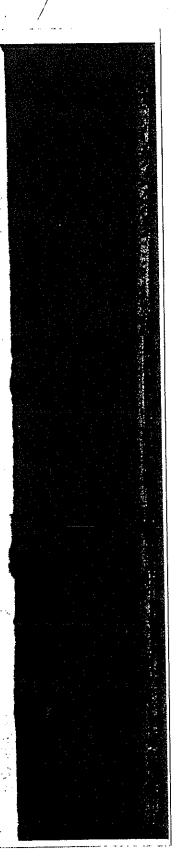
MUSEUM OFFICIALS: Wheels Museum directors Alan Clark, left, and Leba Freed examine an old firetruck the museum plans to restore.

Conaway and the Urban Council strung the Wheels Museum along in order to get the museum to pay the bills.

"We were never able to get specific answers from Conaway to a host of questions," Clark said. Within a year of closing the deal to acquire the property and save the buildings, Clark, Craig and Freed were voted off the Urban Council board of directors.

They say the move was in retaliation for raising questions about how Conaway - an Ohio consultant and a friend of Ashcraft and board member John Bond - was running the show.

In interviews, they said those questions have yet to be answered. They include: - Why haven't the buildings been nominated for the federal and state historic registers and for city landmark designation? (Urban Council officials say they are working on it.) ■ Why hasn't the Urban Council filed required tax returns? (Urban Council officials say they have filed all the legally required documents.) Why won't the Wheels Museum fit in the project design? (Urban Council says this is open to negotiation.) What equity does the ..... Wheels Museum have in return for the money it has pumped into the project?



private donations to help make the deal happen. A group of underwriters from Albuquerque and Los Alamos guaranteed the financing.

Wheels officials say they were used for their political clout and their money, and then their project was forced out of the planned development.

Ron Ashcraft, at one time a director of Wheels and now a member of the Urban Council board of directors, said his group is still amenable to working out a solution. "We've always been willing to work with Wheels," he said.

But he acknowledges the split.

"As we got into the project, two different visions developed and the majority of the board decided to go forward with our current plan."

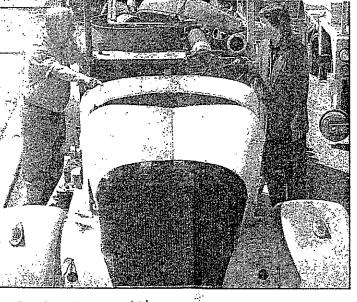
### **Albuquerque Station**

The Urban Council has big plans for the old rail yard including a 240,000-square-foot exposition center "of international caliber" that would compete with convention centers in Phoenix, San Diego and San Antonio, Texas.

The project — dubbed Albuquerque Station — would include two hotels with 1,100 rooms and more than 50,000 square feet of retail and restaurant space.

Urban Council officials compare their plans to the San Antonio River Walk and Chicago's Navy Pier.

The price: \$260 million. The project would celebrate the site's historical connection to the railroads, using the 12 buildings on the 27-acre site. The council wants to house the exposition center in the two large shop buildings. Other old buildings, like the fire station, would be part of the historic village theme and would be home to retail stores or restau-



south and east for one of the hotels, plus parking and residential housing.

Ashcraft said private investors — including individual underwriters and/or Urban Council board members would buy property east of the tracks.

Wheels Museum board members say the Urban Council is pushing expansion to help its board members, underwriters and their relatives profit by investing in surrounding properties. Ashcraft said the project needs the extra space and that additional investment by underwriters and others in surrounding property was important to the project's success.

Project director Franklin Conaway said the site would have one developer, but different investors for different projects.

"Restaurants may have different investors than a hotel," Conaway said. The Wheels faction says ◄ MUSEUM OFFICIALS: Wheels Museum directors Alan Clark, left, and Leba Freed examine an old firetruck the museum plans to restore.

there are many options for developing the site, including residential, retail and light industrial. They say any development should be done in phases, that the 27-acre site is big enough and that their museum should be in one of the old shop buildings.

Clark and Wheels board member Joe Craig said that in two years of requests, the Urban Council would never give them a commitment to a site for their museum.

Ashcraft and Conaway said there was room for the Wheels Museum on the site, but not in any of the historic buildings.

The design concept currently in use places the museum under Coal Boulevard SW on a combination of city-owned land and railroad property that has not been acquired by the Urban Council.

The public split follows two years of behind-the-scenes fighting and a failed mediation.

The divisions are deep and have bubbled to the surface at the same time underwriters of the Urban Council's \$2.5 million mortgage on the property are negotiating the sale of their position with Ohio developer Rick Moran.

Conaway says, in general terms, that Moran would assume the loan and purchase the underwriters' equity. The total price under discussion is around \$3.5 million.

The Wheels faction tried to cut a deal with the underwriters in March. They approached lead underwriter Ted Waterman, president of Waterman Inc., about buying

out the underwriters but were rebuffed. Now, they are preparing another offer in case the current negotiations break down. Waterman did not return calls seeking comment. Meanwhile, Ashcraft said he

was concerned about any media coverage at this time because of the negotiations.

### Unanswered questions

Craig and Clark claim

• What equity does the Wheels Museum have in return for the money it has pumped into the project? (Urban Council says the answer is "none.")

Earlier this month, the Wheels Museum sent the Urban Council a demand letter asking for \$718,000 the museum says it invested in the project.

According to Bernalillo County records, the Wheels Museum spent more than \$500,000 on the shop site. That includes more than \$200,000 in interest on Urban Council's mortgage on the property and more than \$100,000 paid to Conaway.

Wheels raised the money from government sources, private donations and fund-raisers.

But Conaway said Wheels has no equity, describing Wheels as a conduit for money intended to save and develop the buildings. That doesn't guarantee a site for Wheels in one of the old shop buildings, he said.

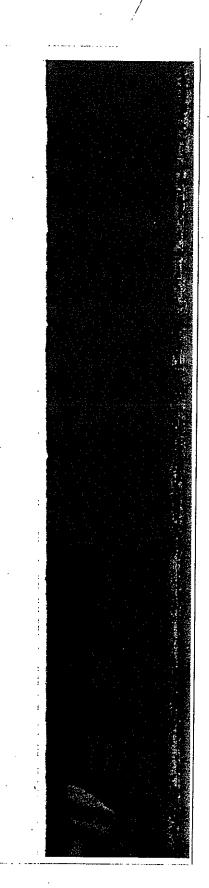
Ashcraft concurred with Cónaway's assessment. Internal memos by Conaway show that early on there was

no place for Wheels in the huge glass, steel and concrete shop buildings.

Records also show that Urban Council members saw the entire project as a private development in which the Wheels Museum had too high a public profile. They wanted all information released about the project to go through Conaway.

"It is a private development," Ashcraft said. "We're in sensitive negotiations for land now. We needed to keep things private."

Craig and Clark agree that saving the buildings was a priority, but also say that finding a home for the Wheels Museum was one of the reasons for saving them — and for attract

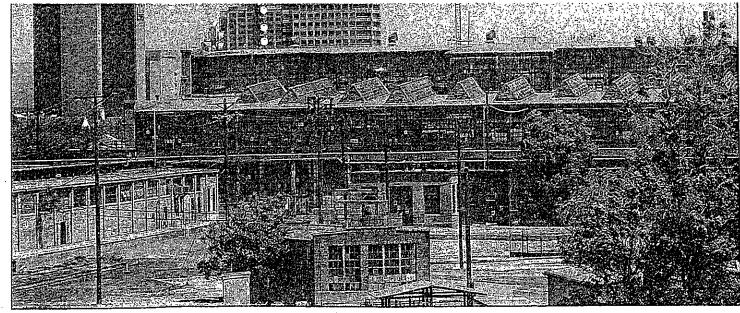


the site s mistoricat connection to the railroads, using the 12 buildings on the 27-acre site. The council wants to house the exposition center in the two large shop buildings. Other old buildings, like the fire station, would be part of the historic village theme and would be home to retail stores or restaurants.

The plans call for a new, \$5 million station for Amtrak, moving it from a city-owned facility --- among the most controversial aspects of the project.

The Urban Council also proposes developing commuter trains using existing tracks to link Albuquerque to Santa Fe and other towns.

As envisioned, the development would expand outside the 27-acre tract — to the north.



PLENTY TO WORK WITH: The old railroad site now owned by the Urban Council covers 27 acres and includes numerous smaller buildings also planned for renovation.

## Disagreements Forced Three Off Urban Board

When the Wheels Museum set out to raise the money to buy the Santa Fe Railway shops, board members Ron Ashcraft and John Bond suggested calling Ohio consultant Franklin Conaway.

Conaway was involved in various Ohio historical groups and had been involved in restoration projects there. Bond and Ashcraft, avowed railroad fans, had bought a restored Santa Fe Super Chief lounge car from Conaway.

Conaway's first advice was to use another organization to borrow the \$2.5 million because banks wouldn't lend to museums.

Before forming the Wheels

Museum, downtown businesswoman Leba Freed had formed the Urban Council of

Albuquerque to help Downtown redevelopment. The group decided to have the Urban Council borrow the money, which CONAWAY: turned out to be more than Albuquerque a simple bank Station pro-

loan since neiject director ther nonprofit company could guarantee repayment.

In November 2000, a group

of underwriters was formed to secure the loan from the Los Alamos National Bank. The group consisted of Ashcraft Real Estate and Development Corp., headed by Ron Ashcraft's brothers Terry and Daniel; Waterman Inc., Ted Waterman president: TRK Management Inc., Robert and Roger Waterman; Thomas Duffy as manager of 3800-5th Street LLC; and Craddock Development Company Inc., James Craddock president.

At the end of November 2000, the Urban Council of Albuquerque paid \$2.5 million for the 27-acre site. Closing and other costs added \$318,000 to the total and the Urban Council was \$114,000 short at closing and had to scramble to come up with the money.

At that time, the board members of the Urban Council were also members of the Wheels Museum board.

Day-to-day office management was left to Alan Clark, who worked for free.

Clark retired from city government after 30 years during which he was head of the city's Cultural Affairs Department, oversaw city libraries and did a stint as manager of the city convention center.

It wasn't long before Clark and Conaway were butting heads.

The issues ranged from Conaway's failure to give the board written reports, to his hiring of engineering and planning firms without prior board approval.

Conaway said, "Everything I did was in line with my mission which was approved by the Urban Council."

Since Wheels was raising the money that was paying Conaway and other bills, Clark insisted that Wheels had the right to a strict accounting of how money was spent.

A split also developed between board members who wanted a general Wheels museum that would include Route 66, automobile, airplane and train exhibits (Clark, Freed and Wheels board member Joe Craig) and those who wanted the site devoted to trains (including Bond and Ashcraft.)

Clark, Craig and Freed began coming out on the short end of votes until they were forced off the Urban Council board.

Later, the Urban Council entered into an agreement with Albuquerque Station LLC, headed by retired Intel executive Bill Garcia.

Garcia tried to find local investors for the project but met with little success.

-> MIKE GALLAGHER

"It is a private development." Ashcraft said. "We're in sensitive negotiations for land now. We needed to keep things

private."

one package.

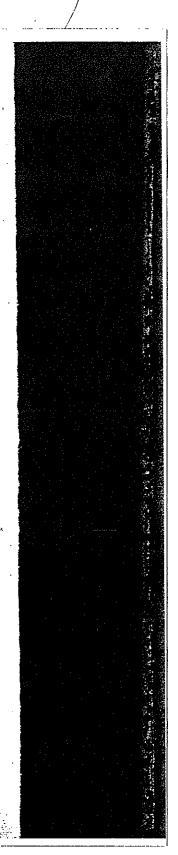
out of committee.

Craig and Clark agree that saving the buildings was a priority, but also say that finding a home for the Wheels Museum was one of the reasons for saving them - and for attracting public and private funding. The paper trail for the city and county money shows public officials tied the museum and saving the buildings into

The one time the Urban Council attempted to get money from the Legislature, the appropriation didn't make it

The Wheels Museum has

See CITY on PAGE A7



### City Railroad Yard Plan Comes Under Fire

### from PAGE A6

been much more successful.

• Wheels received a federal Housing and Urban Development grant for \$277,500 in 2000 for feasibility and design studies for the Wheels Museum in the railroad buildings.

 Bernalillo County and the city of Albuquerque kicked in \$200,000 to the Wheels Museum project to help with closing costs on the railroad property and interest charges on the mortgage.

• The 2003 Legislature approved more than \$500,000 for Wheels, and Gov. Bill Richardson signed the measure into law.

• Wheels, which has no paid employees, also has had success in private fund raising, generating about \$100,000 a year in memberships, fundraisers, cash and in-kind donations in 2001 and 2002.

Financial statements show the Wheels Museum has more than \$500,000 cash on hand, while the Urban Council has \$400,000 in unpaid bills.

Ashcraft says Conaway hasn't been paid since Wheels cut off the cash, and that he is owed more than \$60,000. An engineering company and a design firm are owed more than \$300,000.

Meanwhile, the underwriters have been paying interest payments and some other bills. In return, they are building an equity position in the project.

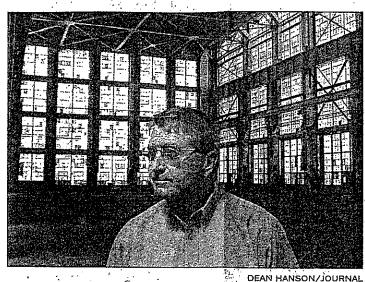
### **Private vs. public**

Outside observers say the split between the two boards spells trouble for development of the site.

"The biggest obstacle to this project are the differences between the Urban Council and the Wheels Museum," City planning director Victor Chavez said in an interview. "I was hoping mediation would bring them closer."

Mayor Chávez said he urged the two sides to go into mediation and is disappointed it didn't work.

"This project is not going to have any city involvement



**DIFFERENT VISION:** President of the Urban Council, Ron Ashcraft, says the split between the council and Wheels Museum was over different visions for redevelopment of the railroad shops.

the money Wheels "invested"

through the Urban Council in

the rail yards was to preserve

the historic buildings and pro-

vide a home for the museum.

"We have to find a viable

way to develop the property,

preserve the buildings and do

Minutes of Urban Council

meetings show disagreements

such arcane matters as how to

But the crux of the dispute

comes from the Wheels group

Conaway's proposed exposition

There are now competing

studies. One supports the idea

of an exposition center to com-

cities for convention business.

querque already has too much

not enough downtown hotels to

competing for a small share of

"We have done our due dili-

support it. Still another found

that Albuquerque would be

gence," Ashcraft said. "We

believe our studies show that

the national market.

convention center space and

pete with Phoenix and other

Another found that Albu-

questioning the viability of

approve the organization by-

ran deep - even involving

it with 70 percent private mon-

n't see it that way.

ey," Conaway said.

laws.

center.

Urban Council members did-

unless the Wheels Museum is part of it," Chávez said.

Chávez also said he has "a lack of confidence" in Conaway.

And he echoed a refrain from the Wheels board members about being kept in the dark.

"I learned a long time ago that there are no secrets in government worth keeping, and they just won't share their information," Chávez said.

The mayor has tried to interest Christopher Leinberger, managing partner of the Historic District Improvement Co., in the project.

Leinberger oversees development of the 12-block Downtown entertainment district.

Leinberger said he would like the project to succeed but has serious doubts about the ability of a privately owned exposition center to compete against publicly owned and subsidized convention centers.

"I learned early on that private dollars have a hard time competing with public dollars," he said.

"In the best of all worlds, the Urban Council and Wheels Museum would kiss and make up," Leinberger said.

### Crux of the dispute

Wheels officials maintained

this project will work."

### Tax matters

When he was president of the Urban Council until the fall of 2001, Joe Craig said he worried about the organization's tax-exempt status as a 501 (c) 3 organization.

"One of the things we did was work out what was needed with the Attorney General's Office. But they haven't filed tax returns."

Ashcraft said the organization had less than \$25,000 in income and under IRS regulations doesn't have to file nonprofit tax forms called 990s.

He said he doesn't consider as income the money Wheels Museum put out because the Wheels Museum paid bills directly instead of funneling the money through Urban Council.

Instead of 990s, the Urban Council files a charitable organization report with the state Attorney General's Office. The one on file shows that between June 2001 and May 2002, Urban Council expenditures exceeded \$900,000, while its income was less than \$25,000.

The Attorney General's Office agrees that a nonprofit with less than \$25,000 income doesn't have to file a form 990. The source of the money spent doesn't have to be reported on the form.

According to a financial statement Ashcraft allowed the Journal to review in his office, the Urban Council is more than \$400,000 in debt.

That doesn't include any equity acquired by the underwriters, who have advanced the council money and paid interest on its bank loan. Ashcraft said he and his partner, Bond, are among the board members who have loaned the organization money in the last two years.

According to minutes of Urban Council meetings, Clark raised concerns about whether the council was actually operating as a nonprofit organization.

He was later voted off the board.

### Historic Protection Of Buildings Stalled

City preservation officer Ed Boles says the shop buildings at the old rail yard are probably among the nation's best preserved examples of early 20th century industrial architecture. "They definitely should have city landmark desig-

nation," he said. But there has been no for-

mal action to place the buildings on the state or federal historic registers. Nor has the Urban Council sought to get city landmark designation for the properties.

Placement on historic registers qualifies renovation projects for tax credits and grants. Landmark désignation erects legal hurdles to tearing down the buildings.

Wheels Museum documents show that getting those nominations filed were top priorities for the Urban Council and Franklin Conaway in 2001 and again in 2002.

But Conaway said several of the underwriters "were not interested in doing that (filing the nominations)."

It can be difficult to force a designation on an uncooperative owner, and attempts by the city to designate some of the buildings on the site in 1986 failed when the Santa Fe Railway fought the landmark designation in court.

The rail yard roundhouse was then torn down, but the fire station on the property was given landmark status:

Conaway said nominations for the historic registrations are ready to be filed and will be once negotiations on the sale by the underwriters are completed:

"I would think they will be filed in October, maybe September," Conaway said. "I've completed most of the research on that and it is being worked on as we speak."

Much of the research on the railroad buildings was done in the 1980s and is in files at the city planning department.

Wheels board member Joe Craig said engineering studies have found the buildings are in good shape physically and environmentally — partly because they were never used for diesel engines.

"Renovation isn't a problem," Craig said. "The real cost of renovation is a question."

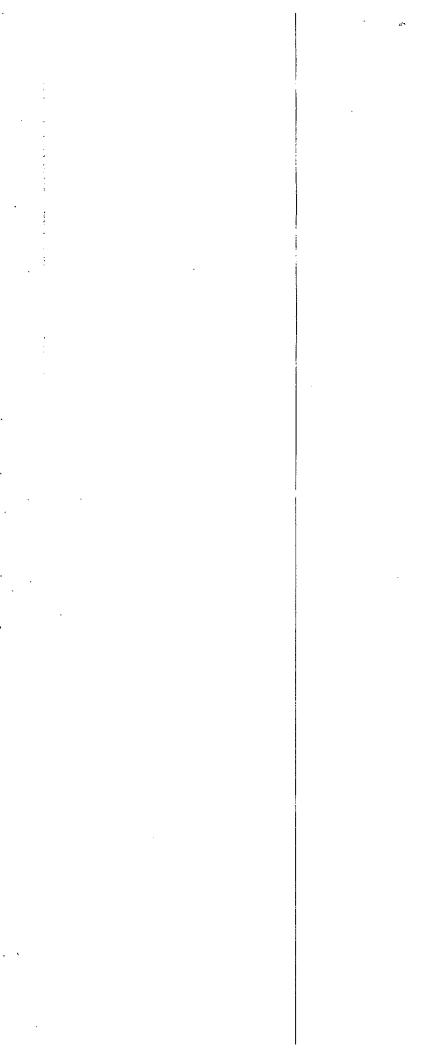
Craig said the Urban Council is basing its plans on a renovation cost of \$97 a square foot, but estimates the real figure as being much higher — between \$150 to \$200 a square foot.

Conaway said he believes the buildings are protected even without the landmark or historic register designation because of the way the financing agreements are worded.

Alan Clark and Craig agree that even if the museum has to find another home, they and Leba Freed accomplished something.

"We don't think anyone can tear those buildings down now," Craig said.

-> MIKE GALLAGHER



### ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL

Revenue forecast put at nearly \$300 million, lawmakers told NEW MEXICO + D3

SURPLUS RISING

AT & SF shops file

# Metro & New Mexico

# **Film Studio Coming Into Focus**

• Parties sign letter of intent agreeing to start construction on the \$43 million facility in 8<sup>to</sup> 10 months

### BY DAN MAYFIELD Journal Staff Writer

· Albuquerque moved a step closer to a new full-fledged digital-film studio Wednesday.

Mayor Martin Chávez, the Urban Council of Albuquerque, Digital Media Group and Build New Mexico all signed a letter of intent to build a \$43 million digital-film studio at the old railyard in Barelas.

Chavez said the letter means all the parties have agreed to start construction on the studio in eight to 10 months. The studio would have as many as

six sound stages, offices, screening rooms and more on a total of 11 acres of old Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railroad property near Downtown. But there's still a cloud over the pro-

ject because of a federal lawsuit over control of the entire railyard property, which totals 27 acres.

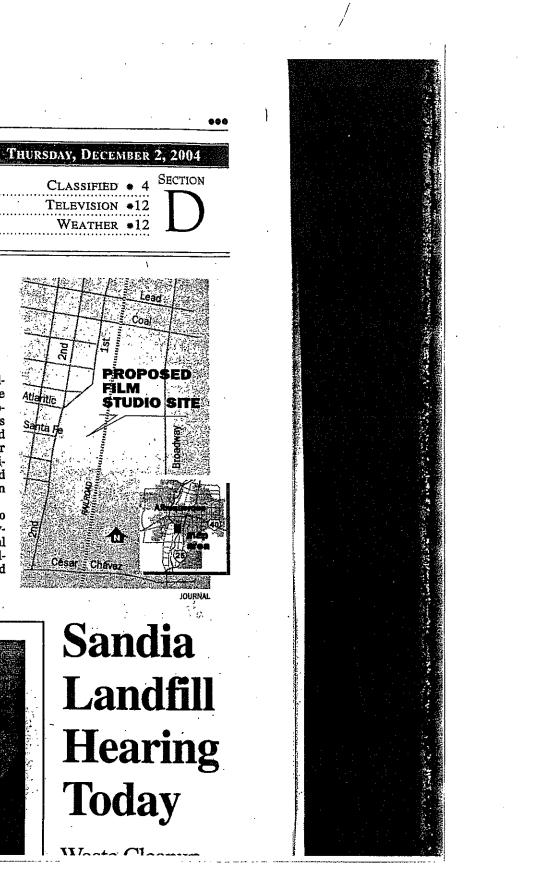
The lawsuit, filed by Richard Maron, an Ohio developer, describes a financial relationship with the Urban Council that started in May 2003 but soured by November. The Urban Council is a nonprofit redevelopment corporation that has been seeking partners to develop the property.

In the lawsuit, Maron seeks control of the railyard property, claiming he gave the Urban Council \$410,000 and has an underwriting stake in the project.

On Wednesday, Urban Council director Ron Ashcraft couldn't be reached for comment.

Digital Media Group, which is head-ed by Elliott Lewitt, would run the proposed studio. Lewitt recently produced "Around the Bend," which was filmed in Albuquerque and starred Michael Caine and Christopher Walken. Because of the good experience of filming the movie, Lewitt said his company became interested in building a studio in the Duke City.

The proposed studio has plans to kick off with about 200 new employees. The studio could serve several feature films at a time, as well as facilitate television commercial work and multiple television series.

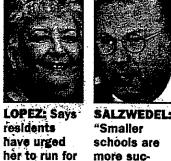




residents

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have urged



more successful"

### Candidates



town used by the Santa Fe Railway that are proposed to be part of a film production complex south of Down IMPOSING EDIFICES BIDING THEIR TIME 3/1 des -Q 11 1 SARE COM 1 1. 5 旗行员网 En State Charles Four views of buildings once 

**By Ed Asher** EASHER@ABQTRIB.COM / 823-3602 The shops at the old Santa Fe rail yards are merely shells now, but in their day they were architectural

EASHER@ABQTRIB.COM / 823-3602	The shops at the old Santa Fe rail yards are merely shells now, but in their day they were architectural marvels.	They marked the transformation of Albuquerque from a farming town to a burgeoning metropolis, by	the standards of the early 20th century. From the Roaring '20s through the end of World War II, they were a beehive of activity in the midst of	The machine shops and boiler shops, which once	serviced steam locomotives, were abandoned decade: ago. But the aura of Hollywood is descending on	Albuquerque's gnost town. Plans for redevelopment of the yards have been in the works for years, hampered by a series of legal	squabbles. , Now comes a Hollywood movie producer who is reaming with local developers to convert a handful	of the old buildings into what he calls a digital film production "campus."	Elliott Lewitt has produced a number of films, most recently "Around the Bend," shot in the Albuquerque area.	Please see REBIRTH/A:	
	ard				A film production complex is just one	of the redevelopment plans for the site	housing old Santa Fe Railway shops	south of Downtown. But a lawsuit	presents a potential stumbling block.	ŕ~, /	NGUUNDR ITTMM I HUMME ILC. U. LOUF
•	Kall V				Proposed StyleMan	digital film the production the productin the production the production the production the produ		Mentia CesarOlave.	一 業績       関     Chanlotte Hill/Tribune	111	171 Breque

Monday, December 20, 2004

### THE ALBUQUERQUE TRIBUNE

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### **REBIRTH** from A1

He wants to create a complex of soundstages on 11 acres in the yards. Lewitt's group recently signed a letter of intent with the Urban Council of Albuquerque and Build New Mexico to construct the \$43 million film center.

There is a stumbling block. The property Lewitt wants is tied up in a lawsuit between two developers, which has nothing to do with Lewitt.

The 11 acres he wants are part of a 27-acre parcel owned by the Urban Council of Albuquerque. The nonprofit development group bought the land in 2000 from the Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railways Co. for \$2.5 million.

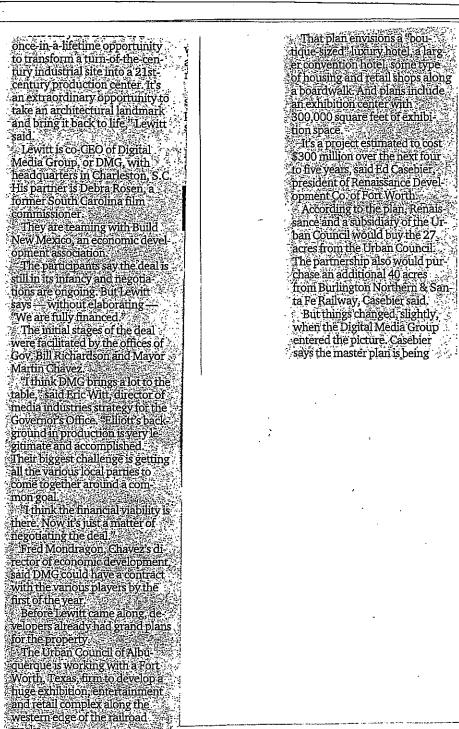
An Ohio developer claims he has a controlling interest in the property and is suing the Urban Council for control of the 27 acres.

An Albuquerque city councilor is trying to push the two sides in the lawsuit into a settlement under the threat of city condemnation of the land. That could erase all development plans now on the table.

But Lewitt is pressing forward with his own negotiations.

"The rail yard is kind of a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to transform a turn-of-the-century industrial site into a 21stcentury production center. It's an extraordinary opportunity to take an architectural landmark and bring it back to life," Lewitt said.

Lewitt is co-CEO of Digital Media Group, or DMG, with headquarters in Charleston, S.C. His partner is Debra Rosen, a former South Carolina film





### Shops were 'cutting edge' of their time

### By Ed Asher

EASHER@ABOTRIB.COM / 823-3602 The Santa Fe Railway began building its Albuquerque shops

in 1914. By the early 1920s, they included machine shops and boilershops, a blacksmith shop, flue shop, tender repair shop and a

sheet metal shed. The centerpiece was a 35-stall roundhouse with clerestory windows and a 71/2-ton traveling crane ...

tweaked to incorporate DMG. The idea is that Build New

Mexico would buy 11 acres out of the original 27 acres, Casebier said. Build New Mexico in turn would lease the 11 acres to DMG, group has invested \$750,000 to Lewitt said.

James Trump, executive director of Build New Mexico, said: "Not everything is done. I'm not comfortable talking about the deal."

But he said: "I'm very excited about the deal. I can confirm there is definitely a deal in sight."

If negotiations work out, Lewitt would transform the 11 acres into a "campuslike environment" for movie making.

It would include six soundstages, screening rooms and postproduction, sound, digital-research and job-training facilities.

"It's not a film financing entity. It will serve filmmakers who come in to use the facility,"

A brown sandstone fire station - complete with a crenelated parapet --- was built in 1920.

"They are some of the most significant buildings in the state of New Mexico. They were on the cutting edge of early 20thcentury industrial architecture," said Chris Wilson, who is the J.B. Jackson professor of cultural landscape studies for the architecture school at the University of New Mexico.

What still remain are vast work bays --- as high as 57 feet

### Lewitt said.

Waiting on the sidelines is the Wheels Museum, a nonprofit group that has a small office near Downtown, but no museum. The ensure its place in the rail yard redevelopment, said Leba Freed, museum president.

Alan Clark, museum executive director, said the museum has invested in environmental studies. appraisals and attorney fees on the 27 acres. It has an additional \$800,000 available to develop a transportation history museum within the yards, he said.

But the museum board is waiting to see how it fits in with the master plan.

"We feel we are invested in the redevelopment of the rail yards and it is our expectation to be somewhere on the yards," Freed said.

"We are optimistic the Wheels

and as wide as 86 feet - framed by steel columns and girders, continuous glass curtain walls and reinforced concrete facades.

Wilson wrote an assessment of the structures for the city of Albuquerque's Planning Department in 1986. "Their use of a limited number

of standardized parts, and their complete integration of machinery, structure, light and ventilation, make the shops comparable to the best industrial design of the period," Wilson wrote.

Museum will be included."

But all of these plans are far from a done deal. The shadow of a federal lawsuit looms over all of them.

The lawsuit was filed by Richard Maron and MRN Limited Partnership of Cleveland against the Urban Council earlier this year. Maron claims he gave · the Urban Council \$410,000 in cash and has an underwriting stake in the property of more than \$1.1 million.

Ron Ashcraft, Urban Council president, declined to comment on the lawsuit. There was no word from Maron either.

"Mr. Maron is not available for comment," said Christy Harst, MRN marketing director.

But Casebier said: "That will have to be resolved before the property transactions occur, and those discussions are under way. We're hopeful we can resolve the

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The floors can almost be described as bizarre. They are made of brick-sized wooden blocks. "That was in case a worker

dropped a part. It wouldn't shatter, it would bounce," said Alan Clark, executive director of the nonprofit Wheels Museum.

Wilson doesn't know how many buildings were on the rail yard site in the Barelas neighborhood in its heyday. He said about 17 of the structures remain.

### issues.'

There is a factor that could spur those discussions, says City Councilor Eric Griego.

Griego is sponsoring a bill to condemn the entire 27 acres. The city could take the land and put it up for new proposals, Griego said.

The city would have to pay fair market value to whoever wins. the lawsuit, Griego said,

"The truth of the matter is, the property is tied up in litigation. My hope is that introducing this legislation will bring the parties. together to resolve their differ ences," Griego said.

"If it looks like they are making progress, I'm happy to defer the bill. If it looks like a train wreck, I'll move the bill to the full coun

cil. So, this vision of a new destination point for Albuquerque still comes down to a lot of its.

If the legal disputes are resolved, if the city doesn't condemn it, if the financing falls into place, the deal-making is consummated, the master planning finished and all the other nuts and bolts of a multimillion-dollar, multipartner development fall into place, there might be a huge exhibition, entertainment, retail and filmmaking complex, with a museum to boot. The developers are quick to sav

the rebirth of the yards means an economic boost to the city and the state. But they also say it would boost the Barelas neighborhood.

The yards slid into decline at the end of the Korean War, when railways began converting from steam locomotives to diesel engines, said Clark of the Wheels Museum.

"Steam locomotives are laborintensive, they require high maintenance operations," Clark said. "Diesels were cheaper to operate, so they began taking over." The shops were furned

over to track maintenance, and jobs began to disappear, Clark said.

ing neighborhood was pro-

found," he said

"The impact on the surround-

All of the plans promise jobs for Barelas, said Robert Vigil, vice

But the studio has piqued par-

"I think it's an opportunity for

our lods to learn the latest, cut-

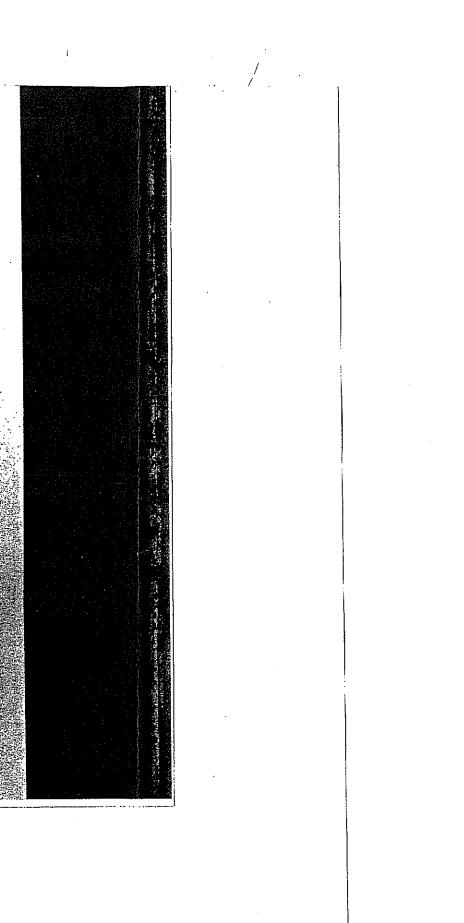
ting-edge technology. And what

better place than our own back yard," Vigil said

president of the Barelas Neigh-

borhood Association.

ticular interest, he said



**FREEING FALCONS** 

Program to release endangered birds raised in captivity

# Media Complex on Track \$50 Million Studios To Be Built at Old Rail Yard

### BY JIM LUDWICK Journal Staff Writer

A \$50 million digital media production complex will be built on part of the old rail yard on the edge of Downtown Albuquerque, officials said Wednesday.

"I think we're introducing the future of Albuquerque,' Mayor Martin Chayez said in announcing the project, which previously had been discussed as a tentative proposal

"This has national and international significance. The technology that will be processed through these marvelous buildings will change New Mexico,"

Chaves said Debra Rosen, co-chief execu-tive of Digital Media Group, said her firm's project will have two aspects. It will offer a production facility that will lease services to motion picture, television, cable and commercial industries, and it will explore ways of using media technology for applications in medicine, defense and transportation.

"We plan on working in thiscommunity — involving the community in job development," Rosen said.

She emphasized that the business wants to be a good neighbor. Developers will be Build New Mexico and its allied Union Development Corp.

James Trump, executive director of Build New Mexico, said the complex will include 150,000 to 200,000 square feet



storage or warehouse space.

Testimony during Martín Saiz's murder trial Wednesday focused on blood evidence - or the lack thereof.

Saiz, 22, is charged with first-degree murder, kidnapping and tampering with evidence in the 2003 death of Carolyn Rustvold, an occupational thera-

disappeared and also collected clothing from Saiz's Valencia County home about 36 hours after Rustvold's disappearance.

Cumbie initially described a bathroom sink close to Rustvold's classroom as smeared with blood, but

A white athletic sock Cumbie said he found soaking in bleach at Saiz's house and another one retrieved from a trash can at the home did not show signs of blood when presented to the jury Wednesday.

Blood did appear in a photograph

The bloody shoe prints appeared to match prints made in the dirt outside Saiz's house. Nike tennis shoes that matched the prints were found in the bathtub of his home. The shoes were wet when Cumbie found them, he said, but he did not say if there was blood on them.

womezuma me day an murder, he noticed no had been done the night "I got the idea he (S

anything as far as the "Even though he (was) ting his work complete n't ever seen that befor

### **Production** Complex **On Track**

### from PAGE D1.

from the interest of Elliott Lewitt, who produced the movie "Around the Bend," filmed in Albuquerque. He was pleased with his experience in New Mexico, and it convinced him and his partners to consider Albuquerque for the production facility.

"This is really just the beginning," said Lewitt, one of the leaders of the Digital Media Group.

He said the business will be "attracting the best talent and allowing them to work in the best environment."

"We're humbled by the opportunity to be here. We're deeply aware of the responsibility," he said.

Fred Mondragon, who heads the city's Office of Economic Development, said the project might use industrial revenue bonds, which would require City Council approval. The city also could consider assistance with infrastructure and some transportation issues, he said.

IRBs are bonds that are used to finance business facilities. They are repaid by the companies that use them, not by the city, but the use of IRBs clears the way for tax incentives.



Debra Rosen of Digital Media Group talks with Gov. Bill Richardson, center, and Mayor Martin Chávez after a news conference Wednesday about plans to open studios in Albuquerque.

### **Federal Panel To Investigate Intel Emissio** AROUND ALBUQUERQUE

### Journal Staff Reports

### Man Killed By **Truck on Paseo**

A pedestrian trying to cross Paseo del Norte near Coors was struck and killed by a passing pickup truck early Wednesday, authorities said. Bernalillo County Sheriff's

• Study will be first to specifically target microchip maker

### BY MICHAEL DAVIS Journal Staff Writer

A federal agency has set its sights on Intel's emissions.

decade. Many of them blame Intel's emission stream.

Intel officials have repeatedly denied the allegations.

A team of environmental scientists from the agency will be in Albuquerque the week of Feb. 22 to evaluate existing information on Intel's emissions, agency official Leslie Campbell said in a

adverse health effects for more than a Environment Department, monitoring results from her group's infrared monitor, medical records and other documentation showing the need for additional study.

> "We are very pleased with this," Brandenburg said of the agency's coming investigation. "It validates what we have been saying for some time. I don't think the agency would go to the anding a team out here and

thing," she said.

Last summer, the sta Department complete study of the Corrales/so cho airshed that cleared of being the cause of effects.

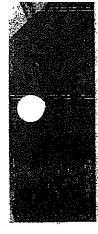
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The ATSDR will an from last year's study of emissions inventory,

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reference laboratory that will pit their diabetes screening technology against blood draws. If the machine, known as pay out much of the remaining funding conventional tests that require fasting and Scout, proves more effective, investors will a loc.

the but it could result in Albuquerque having yet If the Oduct works and passes its tests, another up-and-coming company in burgeoning field of biotechnology —



VeraLight's David Van Av SEE VERALIGHT | 29

# sparks movie studio opposition Preserving heritage of Barelas

80

fjc, visits.

SEE PAGE 7

Rail route communities hoping for lots of traf-

**Rail Runner** 

**BY JASON TRENKLE |** NMBW STAFF

Plans to build a \$50 million movie studio on land in the Barelas neighborhood, at the downtown sit vacant and neglected near the Alvarado Albuquerque, are running into opposition. old Santa Fe Railroad repair shops that now E Transportation Center

Burlington Northern Santa Fe rail yards. The facility was to include two 20,000-square-27-acre ex-In February, Mayor Martin Chavez and Gov. Bill Richardson announced that South Carolina-based Digital Media Group (DMG) would build a digital media production facility on 11 acres of the 27-acre exfoot sound stages, two digital insert stages,

and and from pre-production to post-production, and would become a multi-purpose center, also pursuing advanced medical imaging other digital technologies, said DMG's two co-CEOs, Debra Rosen and Elliott Lewitt, child care facilities. It would be able to handle every type of digital film and TV project, a construction mill, and food service technologies, virtual reality training when the plans were announced

BYTES ......11 STRATEGIES ...

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**BIZ LEADS** 

INSIDE

MOVERS......28 WASHINGTON

**OPINION** ...

NEW MEXI

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south ry buildings, fearing the studio's plans Broadway residents say they want to find a way to preserve the historical 19th-centu-But now some Barelas and

SEE MOVIE STUDIO | 29

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September 23-29,2005 Mexico Business Weekchy New .

# **PELLA:** High-priced houses have speciality windows, but other homeowners also are upgrading

FROM PAGE 3

ciencies." Talamantes notes that Pella's market share in this region of the Southwest is "six percent higher than the company's national average." For the past five years, Pella has targeted the residential market, but Talamantes says its local commercial sales have increased as well. Its newest window product, called Impervia, is an all-fiberglass framed win-

dow that resists heat, water and wind. Homes in the \$350,000 range and above are generally more likely to feature specialty windows like Pella's, Talamantes says, but even owners of less expensive homes are switching,out existing windows for Pella or other upscale products. At least one semi-custom production buil-der, Tiffany Homes Southwest lnc., which constructs more than 100 homes a year, has installed Pella win-

dows since 1994 in all of its new homes, s including its more moderately priced it dwellings in Albuquer-que and Rio Rancho. I On the commercial side, the local Pella franchise recently won a contract to put about 400 of its energy efficient windows into the San Juan Regional Medical Center in Farmington. Bonafair came to New Mexico in 1985 as owner of New Mexico in 1985

statewide beer distributorship. He sold that business after 15 years and then invested in the Pella franchise through his **Bonafai Realty Grup LLC**. He is the general partner of **Bonafair Capital Group LLC**. In 2004, Gov Bill Richardson appointed him to serve on the state's Private Equity Investment Advisory

kschroeder@bizjournals.com | 348-8313 Committee.

The site, along First Street south of Central Avenue, is now the home of the Alvarado Transportation Center, whose architectural facade somewhat echoes the former hotel. MOVIE STUDIO: In Barelas, home of many ex-railroad workers, architecture mixes with politics

might not allow that to happen. Some of their ancestors worked in the railroad shops, repairing train parts and oversceing the busy mode of transportation that was FROM PAGE 1

for DMG. "DMG has entered into discussions with a major national studio to buy more of the property, which may use all of it, or only a proportion of it," Casebier said. "It's pri-

which might not take the area's heritage into consideration. "What preserves those buildings is not pumping a lot of money into it, so we want a use that's financeable, economically

		.\$	
jtrenkle@bizjournals.com   348-8306	opment.	from other commercial development,	acre exposition center. Union bevelopment Lorp. is in charge of developing the movie studio
tional development.	torical significance that was demolished in the early 1970s as part of urban redevel-	the buildings, such as a profitable studio, it	Renaissance is set to help develop the 27-
the Alvarado site that can be used for addi	She cites the journed rayed an example of a structure with a lot of his-	on the railroad. But Vincioni says without a viable use for	square-foot Exposition Center for
says there is an additional 90 acres of land	with a project like this."	the majority of Barelas residents worked	buy it. If that happens, he says the 300-
will need the full 27-acre property. But he	many ways a community can go wrong	America. At the height of its evisionce Griego says	Development Co., says all 27 acres of land
useu as new. Trimn savs it's un to DMG whether they	things and present findings as to tille pest	much like Mexican immigrants came to	Ed Casebier, president of Renaissance
projects, renovating something old to be	"DMG will do due diligence - study	New Mexicans came to Barelas for work,	nosed New Mexico Exposition Center.
ed. It's perhaps one of the hardest kinds of	vation.	fit of the neighborhood. He says. "rural	uon uns is going. The site else is dated to house the nro-
it." Trump said. "A lot of jobs will be creat	economic development or cultural preser-	Utiego says une sue suoutu de preserveu	We're very concerned about what airec-
maac. The second state of the second state of the second state of the second se	Graduate student Cynthia Martin says the	preservation of the historic railroad shops.	Barelas area without talking about politics.
association belore any linal decisions are	potential for restoration and preservation	purchase or lease of the site will ensure the	"You cannot talk about design in the
development plans with the neighborhood	a study that evaluated the railroad shops'	yards property since 2000, says DMG's	candidate för mayor.
Development Corp., says he will share	· .	lithan Council. which has owned the rail	Griego an Albumperone city connector and
Jim Trump, president of Union	at the University of New Mexico, researched the	New Mexico	respects the cuttones of this frequency frequency of the
preserve the historic buildings on the site?	Historic Preservation. a graduate seminar	'A use that's economically viable' 🚽 🚽	I IIIS project WILL us sourcements under 
The big question: Will the movie studic	The Summer Institute Program for		ic uevelopitiett. "This moises will be something that
Jalking it out	Vincioni said	mainty to chouse why have expansion	a considerable source of jous and economi-
	viable and that will ensure it's preserved.	marily to ensiting they have expansion	accessidante source of tobe and econom-

Santa Fe Pailway Shops tile

### Also in this issue: The Arches of THE SPACE RACE a COMMUNITY FOCUS: HOBBS Menaul School WHAT'S YOUR BUSINESS PLAN FOR 20067

### NEWOMEXICO USIMESS JOUITMA VOLUME29 NUMBER 1/ • November The voice of business in New Mexico

Architects Preserve the Old and Shape the New

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### COVER STORY

"The village centers will be walkable, pedestrian friendly and attractive to local and small business. Parking will be adjacent to the amenities," he says. He adds that through zoning, open spaces will be preserved to maintain the rural character. "Instead of developing a comprehensive master plan,

we've put together a small scale plan that is set in ordinance and regulation for land use." "The community expressed a need for a sector plan. The county provided funding that came to RCRP for the advanced planning studio to conduct it. Previously, the county had completed a Southwest Area Plan that

### Albuquerque's Railway 'Monument'

UNM Students Consider Plan for Preservation of Historic Locomotive Shops

The Albuquerque locomotive shops of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad are among the last integrated and comprehensive rail'maintenance and repair facilities still existing in the country. Made of reinforced concrete and steel-frame construction, with vast curtain

walls of industrial glass, the shops are marvelous examples of early 20th century industrial architecture.

Because of their importance as a historic asset (viewed by many as on par with Route 66), the

shops were the focus of a September forum consisting of drawings and presentations on Albuquerque's railway shops by participants in the 2005 University of New Mexico School of Architecture's Southwest Summer Institute for Historic Preservation and Regionalism. Eric Delony, institute instructor and retired chief of the Historic American Engineering Record, National Park Service, moderated the program. Albuquerque City Council

member Eric Griego and UNM



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provided guidelines and principles that the students used in the sector plan to establish ordinance and policies," Martinez says.

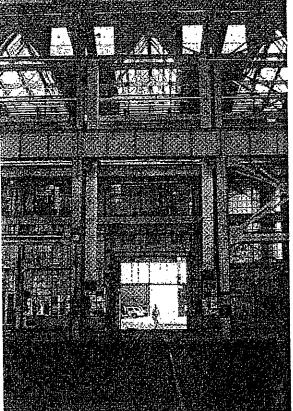
"This project is part of a broader South Valley strategy the community has participated in every step of the way," Córdova says.

School of Architecture and Planning Dean Roger Schluntz welcomed the forum's 50 attendants and opened the program. Forum presenters included Lisa Burkstaller, Dick Gerdes, Cynthia Martin and Meghan Bayer.

Starting the forum, Burstaller noted the historical significance of the complex as pointed out in 1986 by Chris Wilson, then-UNM professor and director of the preservation program.

"...the 18 structures remaining from the locomotive shop complex (1914-24) constitute the largest historic industrial plant in the state," Wilson wrote in his assessment of the historical significance of the railyard complex.

In reference to the machine and boiler shops, Wilson's manuscripts state that they "were designed for the periodic major overhauls of locomotives, one of four such facilities on the ATSF Chicago-Los Angeles route. Their one story, steel frame structure with extensive glass curtain walls, their use of a limited number of standardized parts. and their complete integration of machinery, structure, light and ventilation make the shops



comparable to the best industrial design of the period," adding that "the simplified Neoclassicism of the track and townside facades raises the Machine and Boiler Shops above the normal industrial buildings to the status of monuments of the Santa Fe system."

With Burkstaller having established the historic and present value of the railyard shops, Martin focused her remarks on the cultural heritage of Albuquerque as it specifically relates to the railroad and its place in the creation of a regional identity.

Upon considering economic development for the city and region, that she acknowledged might well include appealing to heritage tourism, Martin concluded that Albuquerque is uniquely positioned to capitalize upon its transportation history.

Albuquerque is *the* urban intersection where the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway diesel locomotives, namely the Chief, crossed the "mother road," Route 66, she said.

Nevertheless, Martin warned that the creation of a local identity for the purpose of

marketing to tourists is fraught with perils, especially in relation to the local community – in this case, Barelas. She reminded forum participants of the way in which tourist development in Santa Fe led to the displacement of many local people who could no longer afford to own their ancestral homes. The glamorous

"Fred Harvey" Southwest, she pointed out, is also a part of Albuquerque's transportation history that became a

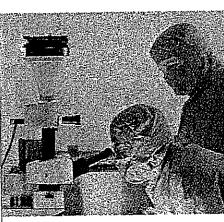
marketing tool for an exotic culture and ultimately resulted in the exploitation and refashioning

of Native American people and their identities.

Martin also cited the demolition of the Alvarado Hotel as an example of what can happen when money is the main consideration – for 30 years the site where the hotel once stood served as a parking lot. She encouraged the city and community to create an "oversight council" comprised of members of the Barelas community who would consider all development proposals for the historic Albuquerque locomotive shops.

She suggested the council should include state historic preservation office representatives, a cultural historian, a tribal representative, and professionals to provide the historic view of what and why

### CHALLENGING CONSTRUCTION



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### COVERSTORY

and how to preserve and protect the buildings that are, Martin argued, a veritable local, regional and national treasure.

Forum participant Meghan Bayer made several recommendations for ensuring the future of the locomotive shops and maintaining the integrity of the Barelas Neighborhood:

• The Barelas community should take the lead on engaging other stakeholders.

• Interested groups join together to generate and renew excitement about the railway shops.

• Keep people from the community and throughout the city informed.

• Compile an inventory of cultural and architectural resources.

 Conduct an oral history project.

• Research funding sources and incentives.

• Make adoption of the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation a priority.

A straightforward process for preserving the locomotive shops was presented by Dick Gerdes. It involves five steps, for which there are precedents.

By using the 1993 Barelas Sector Development Plan, which is currently under revision, and given that the Santa Fe Railway Depot (1920) and the Railway Fire Station (1920) have already been designated historic landmarks, the city should apply the Historic District and Landmarks Act to the rest of the complex, Gerdes said.

Specific language in the Sector Development Plan that identifies the need for state and national register nomination and identifies this as a high priority for the neighborhood is also needed, said Bayer. She also suggested the city should enact zoning and ordinance changes and initiate the process of eminent domain. In

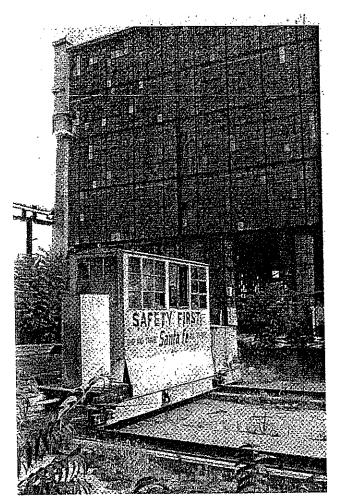
18 November 2005 New Mexico Business fournal

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property, it would issue a

Request for Proposal for

guide to regulate development at the railway shops will help ensure that the site's eligibility to the National Register is preserved and the neighborhood's wishes are honored," said Bayer. Forum participants also. recommended the development of public-private partnerships like the one already resulting in the refurbishment of Albuquerque High School for adaptive reuse. Potentially, with assistance from different sources - the state Legislature, the city, private foundations and bank financing – funds would be secured to mitigate environmental hazards, replace basic infrastructure, undertake necessary restoration, and transform the 27-acre site to accommodate an approved and viable development plan. Once the city acquires the



shops easily meet state and national

this way, the city

would be poised

not only to enter into discussions

with potential

developers, but

also to provide

federal historic

nominations and

designations of

Possessing the

location, design,

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integrity of

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investors or

developers to present ideas. Ideally, Bayer said, a new master plan should be conducted for the area. Any plan ultimately approved by the city should ensure the railway shops are protected from demolition and further degradation, preserve and reuse the shops in a respectful manner and take into consideration the historic, social, economic and cultural significance of the shops in the lives of Barelas Neighborhood residents as well as Albuquerque and the region, she said. The plan should include a strong community participation component, provisions for public space and access, and employment opportunities for neighborhood residents.

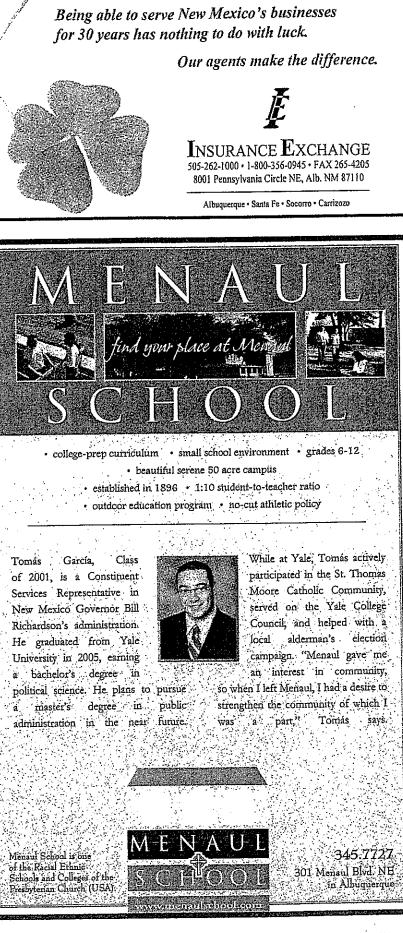
During his 30-year tenure with the National Park Service's HAER program, instructor Eric DeLony had his finger on the pulse of America's engineering and industrial heritage. HAER

documented most of the surviving railroad shop complexes in the United States including: the Baltimore & Ohio's Mount Clare Shops (Baltimore); the Martinsburg (W. Va.) Shops; the Erie Railroad's Susquehanna and Meadville (Pa.) shops; the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western's Scranton (Pa.) Shops (now Steamtown National Historic Site); and the Union Pacific's Sacramento Locomotive Shops, presently under redevelopment and adaptive reuse by the California State Railroad Museum and the city of Sacramento.

In Delony's opinion, successful redevelopment of the railway shops at Albuquerque would be the second-largest adaptive reuse of a historic industrial property in the U.S., overshadowed only by restoration of Bethlehem Steel's Saucon Works - the former steel producer's main plant on the banks of the Lehigh River in Bethlehem, Pa. There, investors and developers, forming a group called BethWorks, are now planning a mixed-use complex including stores, a multiplex cinema, housing units, a national museum of industrial history, an arts park anchored by slotmachine casinos in the vast rolling mills, blowing engine houses, machine shops and blast furnaces.

Like the Bethlehem Steel complex, redevelopment of the Albuquerque ATSF Shops will be challenging, requiring millions of dollars and incremental years of work, Delony said, the enterprise is "probably bigger than the city of Albuquerque and, bigger than the state of New Mexico."

Article compiled by Dick Gerdes and Cynthia Martin – graduate students, UNM Historic Preservation & Regionalism Program, School of Architecture & Planning – and Eric DeLony, consultant, Engineering & Industrial Heritage, PC, Santa Fe; chief (retired), Historic American Engineering Record, National Park Service.





### For the Journal 11-5-07 Rail Yard Delay Was For the Best

all it a small miracle, but the apparent movement on the dreadfully long redevelopment plans for the old rail-yard Downtown quali-fies. Mind you, until a gold shovelcrunches into dirt down there, the optimism should be cautious as they say, but this latest plan is. feeling doable Tonight the City Council considers a bill for the city to purchase the site with some strings attached. Namely, that, at a minimum, 30 low-income housing units be built on the site. I like the strings. Very much. The strings, however, should be a little longer At tonight's council hearing and vote-someone should propose to raise that number. Double - or raise that number. Podole — or more — would suit me just fine. Call it a convergence but it finally seems everyone involved has put aside their own dreams cape for the site Recalling the twists and turns of

this project at spainful We've gone from the Wheels Museum itself taking up the bulk of the sites in version one. Following that if memory serves we had a smaller footprint for the museum and a slicked up plan for high-end retail, pricey condos and the like. In between those ideas there were a for of voices, many in City Hall at the time who wanted affordable housing across

the entirety of the site. And what was that cockamamie film studio idea at the rail yards a. couple of winters ago about / Let's

iust pretend that press conference the mayor held, promising dirt being moved within a couple of months, never happened That's how it's been for this

place. Empty spaces sometimes invite equally empty ideas

of the bill There's a level of creativity and problem solving at play here that is encouraging. The money, from the so-called, "work force housing frust fund," would be used to acquire the property, with an economic feasibility study to follow. The transportation museum would be included in any plans. Following, a master developer would be hired through a request for proposal process.

What seems to be happening is

that anyone with a stake in the project is finally listening to the Barelas neighborhood about what it wanted. That would include the

council. It would be an inderstatement that in the seemingly 15 councils from the

be appropriate.

redevelopment carly stages to now the term tip service would

Simply put we needed a council in place that had some sensitivity to the area. It wasn't there before. We also needed a council representative in the

neighborhood who got it as well. Good on Ike Benton, also sponsor

Beyond the mixed-income housing string, economic development would have to complement the commercial activity in the Barelas and South Fourth Street corridor. Hallelujah. Now we're getting

somewhere. I've never bought that the Wheels Museum alone was enough to stand up this area. That idea was much too focused on just the footprint of the site at no appreciable benefit to the greater neighborhood. This is government as it should

operate, leavening the individual interests involved for a biggerpicture and brokering better outcome for everyone. It's been an eyesore and worse

for much too long. It seems, however, that the maddening delay has turned out to be the right way to go. Let's see how it plays tonight.

Gene Grant is a writer, actor, former. congressional staffer and father of two. He can be reached by e-mail to:

gene@genegrant.com



he rail yard got for \$9.4 million breathe life back into the authorized its purchase fo

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City

repair shops in the Barelas this July 1999 photo. Plans to locomotive Ē The former S neighborhood he said.

Clark said. At its heis

about 25 buildings from the old rail. yard, including one that's 166,000

r that both preserves. heritage while pro-

yard in a

to create museum and affordable housing

e want a really healthy inix of ts center, a boutique and eve all wind farm: mron said he hopes to se e form of mixed-use develop can help Barelas gro people that ca ue to the comm r once worked c to be a vital part of rail yards played a big j life,"he said."I see the n Barelas as a key to ew Garcia, the rail yard wl stage included hbors and community بنه lift yards in B 'ing from i nom' thriv in my tted to attract s annually, said sident of the railyard's fate years. Failed but The buildings now, while sturdy, Wheels Muthe Wheels Mudecline around brought about its decline around the 1950s. The Barelas yard wa later used for track repair, bu finally closed in the early 30s, h "Our premise at the Wneess wu setim is to do a cultural attraction for Barelas and Albuquerque," engine the c cesident mated deteriorating. But operating lingered ba Freed, heels Museu éed said. nm' have as significant step in pre-he history of one of the last ng steam-engine repair and at least 30 runits, as dictatto \$60 million. said the ğ long-awaited executive director of . Wheels Museum, Fe Railway in 1915 estimate, that's tes Clark the nonpro ps in the lan Clarl ġ are cility: "This is part of us, this is part of Albuquerque's history," said Coun-cilor Ken Sanchez. "This will be a jewel and a great asset to the city of , and up to \$3 million tousing. --1-nod leadasored by Councilor uthorizes the city to -acre rail yard property illion before the option 쓩 which includes also revive a piec isting grants, and u more from a work auth say, it could Albuquerque. The bill, spoi Isaac Benton, a oillim 9 iy the 27 The proj ġ ds in Barelas. could tell time pment Corp. d Garcia, 61, who the Barelas Comes of the Santa attending Saby the City III remembers hear steam-engine repair faded, did the Barelas landmark A bill passed Monday by t the long-do though, red Garcia en back to "Growing" whis rail yard, Council, ho to rebuild t lway rej arcia, t ruled by th tomoc



Wednesday, November 7, 2007

### EDITORIALS

A10

### City Spends Housing Money at Yards Sale

If \$348,000 an acre sounds reasonable for long vacant heavy industrial property, \$9.4 million for 27, acres of rail yards that include a massive structure unique in New Mexico should sound like a bargain.

But the City Council didn't have \$9,4 million in regular funds to buy the old Barelas rail yards and locomotive repair shops south of Downtown. The \$10 million Workforce Housing Trust Fund just approved by voters provided the solution. Although the process to evaluate land acquisition and projects is not in place, the council decided to put \$3 million of the trust's \$5 million earmarked for land into the deal.

It could be a lucky stroke for the city, if there's a renaissance that transforms the blighted property into a New Urban dream that mixes housing, jobs and cultural amenities like the Wheels Museum. It could be an ugly roll of the dice if there's a hidden legacy of the heavy industrial use that requires cleanup.

With so much at chance, this expenditure of trust fund money can hardly be called an "investment" not as long as there is property available for workforce housing with much clearer prospects.

The resolution did leave the council an escape hatch. Plans for affordable housing on the site, like any other proposals vying for the trust fund's blessing, must be approved through a process expected to be in place early next year. Lacking that approval, the city must repay the \$3 million to the trust.

Remember: Every two years, the council must ask voters to approve new infusions into the housing fund. Does it inspire more trust to think of this as the equivalent of a no-interest pay-day loan, or a wager on the prettiest pony since the city bought the old Albuquerque High School?